

# Consortium

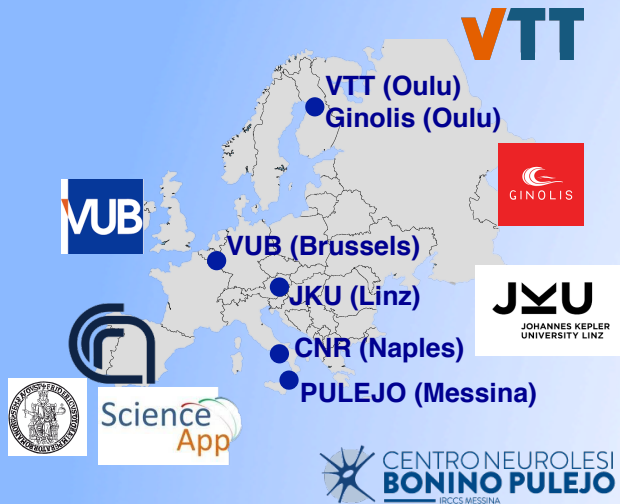
## The coordinator

National Research Council of Italy (CNR)  
Institute of Applied Sciences and Intelligent  
Systems (ISASI)  
Pozzuoli (Naples), ITALY

Simonetta Grilli, PhD  
[simonetta.grilli@cnr.it](mailto:simonetta.grilli@cnr.it)

## Partners

- Vrije Universiteit Brussel (Belgium)
- IRCCS Centre “Bonino Pulejo” (Italy)
- Johannes Kepler Universität Linz (Austria)
- VTT Technical Research Centre (Finland)
- Ginolis Ltd. (Finland)



*The group of Pier Luca Maffettone (Department of Chemical, Materials and Production Engineering – University of Naples “Federico II”) cooperates with CNR in the WP2.*

# General information

## Start date

1<sup>st</sup> January 2019

## End date

31<sup>st</sup> December 2021

## Duration

3 years

## Total funding

€ 3 287 562,50

## Programme

H2020 – FET Open

## Funding scheme

RIA

## Follow the project on:

[www.sensapp.eu](http://www.sensapp.eu)



[sensapp.H2020@gmail.com](mailto:sensapp.H2020@gmail.com)



[@SensApp\\_H2020](https://twitter.com/SensApp_H2020)



# SensApp

Super-sensitive detection of Alzheimer's disease biomarkers in plasma by an innovative droplet split-and-stack approach



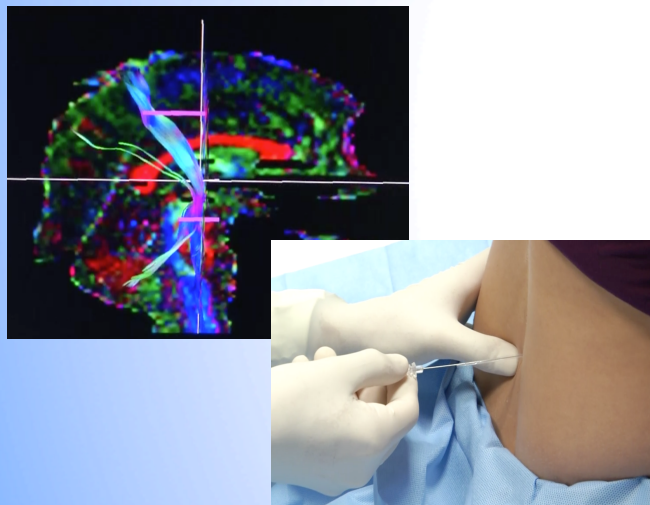
*The SensApp project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 829104*

## The Alzheimer's disease (AD)

AD is a neurodegenerative disorder that causes progressive and irreversible death of brain cells. The World Health Organization Report reports alarming growth estimates of dementia: 35.6 million cases in 2010 that will double in 2030 and triple in 2050 with 7.7 million new cases per year

## The diagnosis

Clinicians make a diagnosis by detecting biomarkers (Tau, pTau and  $\beta$  Amyloid) in cerebrospinal fluid and by neuroimaging.

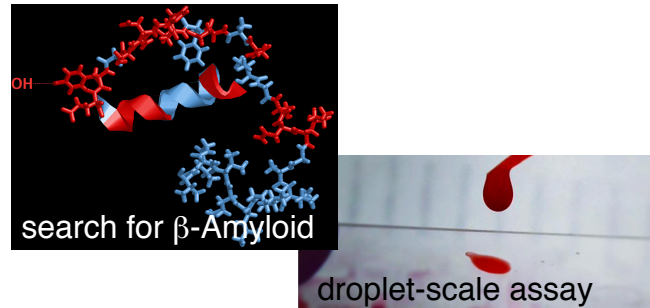


## Limitations

- Diagnosis procedures are invasive;
- Clinicians cannot determine the AD biomarkers in blood due to low concentration (50-100 pg/mL).

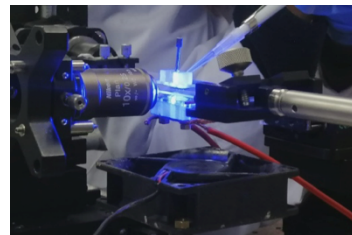
## Our mission

SensApp aims at developing a “super-sensor” with **sensitivity below 1 pg/mL**. The super-sensor will detect the AD biomarkers in human plasma.



## The technology

Pyro-electric fields will force the immuno-reaction into sub- $\mu$ L volumes. The biomarkers will be detected through an outstanding droplet-scale assay.



## THE FUTURE

The super-sensor will allow you to make a faster and non-invasive diagnosis of AD simply through a routine blood test. Highly efficient screening programs among the population will be possible.

## First year results

- Logo, webpage and social accounts for immediate visibility
- First specifications of the super-sensor, with a target sensitivity in plasma below 1 pg/mL
- Plan for managing the data produced by the project
- Inclusion in Zenodo repository of all public project data  
<https://zenodo.org/communities/?p=sensapp>
- Complete set of functional characteristics and design of the super-sensor
- Plan with clear strategies for promoting the project and for exploiting the deliverables
- Presentation of the project in more than 5 international events
- 1 master's thesis
- More than 5 press releases

